



REPUBLIKA E KOSOVËS/REPUBLIKA KOSOVA/ REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO

QEVERIA E KOSOVËS / VLADA KOSOVA /GOVERNMENT OF KOSOVA

MINISTRIA E PUNËVE TË BRENDSHME / MINISTARSTVO UNUTRAŠNJIH POSLOVA/  
MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

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ATTENTION: This is not an EC official document. It is prepared by the Ministry of Internal Affairs based on the analysis and samples of roadmaps of Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia. This document assumes that the Republic of Kosovo has concluded Readmission and Visa Facilitation Agreements with the European Commission in order to open the way to Visa Liberalization process.

## **ROADMAP VISA LIBERALISATION WITH THE REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO**

### **I. BACKGROUND**

The Ministry of Internal Affairs on behalf of the Government of Kosovo has prepared the roadmap document to present to the European Commission Liaison Office in Kosovo. Although this is not an official document of the European Commission, Kosovo Government deems it necessary to prepare the grounds for the Visa Liberalization Agreement.

Having in mind that all Western Balkan Countries have initiated or even completed visa liberalization agreements, the Republic of Kosovo would like to advance towards the visa liberalization by completing all the requirements of the process. By not allowing Kosovo to have a clearly defined roadmap to visa liberalization, the European Commission risks on isolating Kosovo, which would present a risk and would further destabilize Kosovo and the region. Additionally, the Republic of Kosovo aspires to EU integration, thus the roadmap and agreement to visa liberalization would engage actively Kosovo in such a process.

## II. INTRODUCTION - GENERAL FRAMEWORK

A. The General Affairs and External Relations Council in its conclusions of 28 January 2008 welcomed the intention of the European Commission to launch a visa dialogue with all Western Balkan countries and expressed its readiness to further discuss this issue, based on the Commission's Communication on the Western Balkans, with a view to define detailed roadmaps setting clear benchmarks to be met by all the countries in the region in order to gradually advance towards visa liberalization. The whole process will be closely monitored by the Council and the Commission, which will assess the progress of respective countries and follow the adoption and implementation of the necessary reforms towards the abolition of the visa requirement.

The Commission shall regularly report on the implementation of this roadmap to the Council, commencing before the end of 2008, notably taking into account the input from experts, including Member States' experts, in the context of the visa dialogue

B. When setting up the methodology for the visa liberalization process, the following elements have to be taken into consideration:

- the European perspective of the Western Balkan countries ;
- the political commitment taken by the European Union on the liberalization of the short term visa for the citizens of all Western Balkan countries as part of the Thessaloniki agenda, which has been confirmed at political level by a series of Council conclusions since 2003;
- the conclusion by all countries in the region of a Community readmission agreement;
- The visa exemption granted to all EU citizens by all Western Balkan countries.

In 2007, as the first concrete step towards improving people to people contacts, the European Community has concluded Visa Facilitation Agreements with Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia. These agreements entered into force as of 1 January 2008.

The preamble of the visa facilitation agreements includes a clear reference to the commitment of the parties to work towards a visa free travel regime in the future.

C. Having in mind the wide range of issues relevant for the visa liberalization dialogue and the need to establish an adequately secured context for visa free travel, the objective of this exercise is to identify all the measures to be adopted and implemented by the Western Balkan countries and set up clear requirements to be achieved in the near future. The whole process will be divided in four sets of issues to be covered by the dialogue: document security, illegal migration, public order and security as well as external relations items linked to the movement of persons. The dialogue will be tailor-made in order to enable each country to focus reform efforts and address the EU's requirements. The speed of

advancement towards visa liberalization will depend on the progress made by each respective country in fulfilling the conditions set.

Concerning the structure, the whole dialogue as a part of the overall policy of the EU towards the candidate and potential candidate countries of the Western Balkan, will take place within the framework of the structures of the Stabilization and Association process. The visa liberalization process will be conducted by senior officials who could decide to organize technical meetings at expert level for specific items. Reporting on progress made on the issues covered by the visa liberalization process will be ensured within the framework of the relevant structures of the Stabilization and Association agreement.

D. The whole process will allow the Commission to make a proposal at the appropriate moment to the Council for the lifting of the visa obligation for citizens of the Republic of Kosovo, through an amendment of Council Regulation 539/2001. On the basis of the Commission's proposal, the Council, after consultation of the European Parliament will decide acting by qualified majority.

## **ROADMAP TOWARDS A VISA FREE REGIME WITH THE REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO**

### **I. Requirements related to the correct implementation of the Community Visa Facilitation and Readmission Agreements**

#### **A. READMISSION AGREEMENT:**

The Republic of Kosovo has to take the necessary measures ensuring effective implementation of the Community Readmission Agreement and in particular, the replacement of the previous bilateral agreements or arrangements by the Community readmission agreement, the conclusion of 'implementing protocols' with Member States, the adoption of the measures ensuring that proper infrastructure is in place, in particular sufficient staff, to deal with readmission applications, the respect of the various deadlines set by the Community Readmission agreement, the refusals of readmission applications only on the grounds provided by the Community Readmission Agreement, the acceptance of the 'EU standard travel document for expulsion purposes', the acceptance of readmission applications for third country nationals/stateless persons.

#### **B. VISA FACILITATION AGREEMENT:**

The Republic of Kosovo shall closely cooperate with the European Commission to support the EU Member States' implementation of the Visa Facilitation Agreement, ensuring in particular continuous monitoring of all institutions,

authorities and bodies in the Republic of Kosovo involved with the implementation of this Agreement, in regards of issuing of invitations, certificates and other documents.

## **II. Requirements on Document Security, Illegal Migration, Public Order and Security and External Relations**

### **BLOCK 1: Document Security**

#### **Passports/travel documents, ID cards and breeder documents:**

##### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- issue machine readable biometric travel documents in compliance with ICAO and EC standards and gradually introduce biometric data, including photo and fingerprints;
- adopt and implement appropriate administrative measures ensuring the integrity and security of the personalization and distribution process;
- establish training programmes and adopt ethical codes on anti-corruption and target the officials of any public authority that deal with visas or passports;
- report to Interpol/LASP data base on lost and stolen passports;
- ensure a high level of security of breeder documents and ID cards and define strict procedures surrounding their issuance.

### **BLOCK 2: Illegal migration, including readmission Border management**

##### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- adopt and implement National Integrated Border Management Strategy and Action Plan with clearly defined responsibilities of border management;
- adopt and implement legislation governing the movement of persons at the external borders, as well as the law on the organization of the border authorities and their functions in accordance with the updated National Integrated Border Management Strategy;
- take necessary budgetary and other administrative measures ensuring efficient infrastructure, equipments, IT technology at the external borders;
- establish training programmes and adopt ethical codes on anti-corruption targeting the border guards, customs and other officials involved in the border management;
- conclude a working arrangement with FRONTEX.

### **Carriers' responsibility**

- the Republic of Kosovo should adopt and implement the legislation on carriers responsibility defining sanctions.

## **Asylum policy**

### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- implement the legislation in the area of asylum in line with international standards(1951 Geneva Convention with New York Protocol) and the EU legal framework and standards;
- provide adequate infrastructure and strengthen responsible bodies, particularly in the area of asylum procedures and reception of asylum seekers.

## **Migration management**

### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- set up and start to apply a monitoring mechanism of the migration flows, define a regularly updated migration profile for the Republic of Kosovo, with data both on illegal and legal migration, and establish bodies responsible for collection and data analysis on migration stocks and flows;
- adopt and implement the integration policy for migrants including sustainable financial and social support;
- define and apply a methodology for inland detection and take measures to improve the capacity to investigate cases of organized facilitated illegal migration;
- implement a law on the admission and stay of third country nationals, defining rights and obligations for the persons concerned (including family members of third country nationals);
- ensure effective expulsion of illegally residing third country nationals from its territory.

## **Block 3: Public order and security**

### **Preventing and fighting organized crime, terrorism and corruption**

#### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- adopt and implement the Strategy to fight organized crime and corruption (in particular cross-border aspects) by adopting and implementing the foreseen action plans including a timeframe and sufficient human and financial resources;
- adopt and implement Strategy for Combating Trafficking in Human Beings by adoption and implementing an Action Plan including a timeframe and sufficient human and financial resources;
- adopt and implement a national strategy for the prevention and fighting of money laundering and financing of terrorism, including necessary legislative measures based on an analysis of existing legislation;

- implement relevant legislation on confiscation of assets of criminals (including the provisions addressing cross border aspects);
- adopt and implement a national drug strategy and national drug action plan; make the information on drug seizures and persons involved accessible at border crossing points; further develop cooperation and information exchange with relevant international bodies in the drug field;
  - adopt and implement comprehensive National Anti-Corruption Strategy by
  - adoption and implementing an Action Plan; adopt and implement measures to strengthen institutional capacity, inter-agency coordination and which provide sufficient human and financial resources to anti-corruption efforts;
  - implement relevant UN and Council of Europe conventions, as well as GRECO recommendations and other international standards in the areas listed above and on fight against terrorism.

## **Judicial co-operation in criminal matters**

### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- implement international conventions concerning judicial cooperation in criminal matters (in particular Council of Europe Conventions);
- take measures aimed at improving the efficiency of judicial co-operation in criminal matters of judges and prosecutors with the EU Member States and with countries in the region;
- develop working relations with Eurojust mainly through the Eurojust contact point.

## **Law enforcement co-operation**

### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- take necessary steps to ensure efficiency of law enforcement co-operation among relevant national agencies - especially border guards, police, customs officers through full interagency cooperation in the field of intelligence exchange -, as well as cooperation with the judicial authorities;
- improve exchange of information between national agencies by establishing appropriate and effective coordination mechanisms;
- reinforce regional law enforcement services co-operation and implement bilateral and multilateral operational cooperation agreements, including by sharing on time relevant information with competent law enforcement authorities of EU Member States;
- improve the operational and special investigative capacity of law enforcement services to tackle more efficiently cross-border crime;

- take the necessary steps to prepare for the conclusion of an operational cooperation agreement with Europol with special emphasis on data protection provisions.

## **Data protection**

### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- adopt necessary legislation on the protection of personal data and implement its provisions including setting-up of an independent data protection supervisory authority;
- ratify and implement relevant international conventions, such as the Additional protocol of the Council of Europe Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to the Automatic Processing of Personal Data.

## **BLOCK 4: External Relations and Fundamental Rights**

### **Freedom of movement of nationals of the Republic of Kosovo**

#### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- ensure that freedom of movement of citizens of the Republic of Kosovo is not subject to unjustified restrictions, including measures of a discriminatory nature, based on any ground such as sex, race, color, ethnic or social origin, genetic features, language, religion or belief, political or any other opinion, membership of a national minority, property, birth, disability, age or sexual orientation.

### **Conditions and procedures for the issue of identity documents**

#### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- ensure full and effective access to travel and identity documents for all Kosovo citizens including women, children, people with disabilities, people belonging to minorities and other vulnerable groups;
- ensure full and effective access to identity documents for IDPs and refugees.

### **Citizens' rights including protection of minorities**

#### **The Republic of Kosovo should:**

- adopt and enforce legislation to ensure effective protection against discrimination;

- specify conditions and circumstances for acquisition of Kosovo citizenship;
- ensure investigation of ethnically motivated incidents by law enforcement officers in the area of freedom of movement, including cases targeting members of minorities;
- ensure that constitutional provisions on protection of minorities are observed
- implement the relevant policies regarding minorities, including Roma.

### ***Final remark***

The present roadmap includes a list of measures to be taken by the Republic of Kosovo in view of the lifting of the visa obligation. These measures aim at responding to the needs identified, based on the currently available information. In case of substantial change of the current situation, the Commission could propose a review and re-adaptation of the roadmap.

Based on the achievements by the Republic of Kosovo of the implementation of the requirements set up in the roadmap, the Commission will assess the situation, taking into account inter alia criteria such as the refusal rate for visa applicants and the refusal rate of entry into the common Schengen area for nationals of the Republic of Kosovo. In this context, the decreasing trend of the refusal rate, which should progress towards 3% for visas and 1000 persons per year refused for entry into the common Schengen area, will be used as an indicative reference.

The Republic of Kosovo should also take the necessary measures to allow an efficient implementation of the EU joint actions on travel ban. As already mentioned before, on this basis the Commission will consider the possibility to present a proposal to the Council for the lifting of the visa obligation, by amending the Council Regulation 539/2001, and, following the procedure laid down in the EC Treaty for these matters, the Council will on the basis of the Commission's proposal, after consultation of the European Parliament, take a decision acting by qualified majority. Such an amendment could soon cover the holders of travel documents issued in accordance with ICAO and EC standards.